



# THE CANON

## INSTITUTE OF LEGAL STUDIES

Ranchi University, Ranchi-834008



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**What's Inside**

- Editorial
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**"Law without justice is a wound without a cure".**

*~William Scott Downey (1832-1909)*

# *The Collegium System*

*The Collegium system in India also called “Judges- selecting- Judges”, is the system by which the judges are appointed and transferred only by the judges, evolved through judgments of the Supreme Court (SC), and not by an Act of Parliament or by a provision (article 124 &127) of the Constitution.*

*Collegium evolved over the course of these 3 cases, through which court evolved the principle of judicial independence.*

*The system was introduced for strengthening and improving the appointment process. Preserve our democratic system by maintaining the independence of the judiciary as a part of the basic structure and securing rule of law.*

*It is with this principle in mind that the SC introduced the collegium system.*

*The Supreme Court Collegium is headed by the Chief Justice of India and comprises 4 other senior-most judges of the SC.*

*A High Court collegium is headed by its Chief Justice and 4 other senior-most judges of that High Court. Names recommended for appointment by a High Court collegium reach the government only after approval by the CJI and the Supreme Court collegium.*

*Collegium system is being criticised because it is nowhere mentioned in the constitution and has been evolved by judiciary itself, selection of judges is undemocratic since judges elected by a group of 5 justices. This system is non-transparent because there is no procedure for selection and manual for functioning therefore overlooks several talented junior judges and advocates. Nepotism in collegium makes it inefficient and people lose faith on judiciary.*

*In the words of Iyer, the Collegium 'has been dilatory, arbitrary and smeared by favorites and the 'present collegiate elitism is the vanishing point of democratic values in the justice pyramid.'*

*The subjectivity and the inconsistency of the collegium system highlight the need to relook at the process of appointment of judges.*

**From the Editor's Desk**

# Activities & Achievements

- The October edition of 'The Canon' was released on 1st of October, 2022 by the Director of the institute Prof. Dr. Bijay Singh, in presence of faculty members and the students of editorial group.



- The classes for the new batch of B.B.A.LLB.(2022- 27) and LL.M (2022- 24) started from 10th October, 2022.

- The Annual Budget of the Institute was passed for the current accounting year 2022-23, where all the expense related matters were decided.



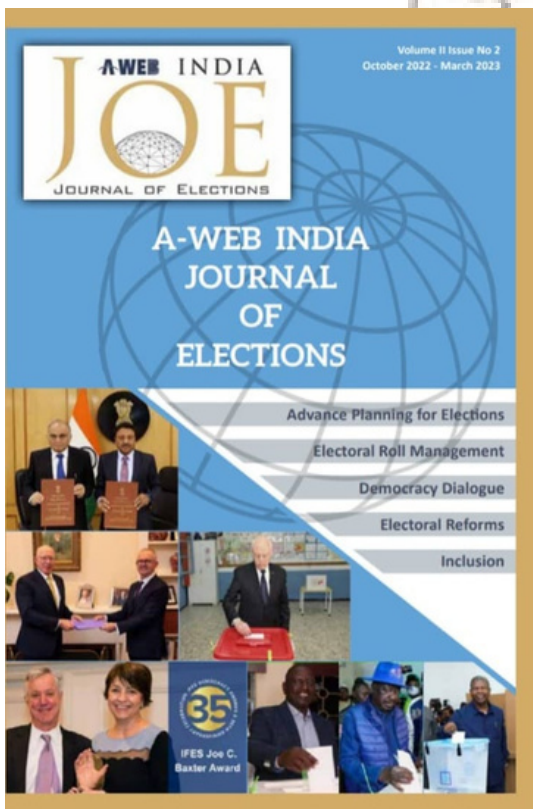
- A walk in interview for recruitment of new teachers was conducted on 14th October, 2022.

- Enabling Research on Just Transition in Jharkhand seminar was held in Institute of Legal Studies Ranchi University's auditorium on 18th of October, 2022. The program started at 02:00p.m. with welcoming of our honourable guest retired IFS of JHARKHAND Mr. A.K. RASTOGI, Former BCCL Government of Jharkhand Pollution Control Board PROF. Mr. VIJAY SINGH , and DR. MANISH KUMAR, Director Research and Development CEED ,Mr. ARVIND KUMAR member of CEED, by PROF. DR. BIJAY SINGH director of Institute of Legal Studies, Ranchi University.

# Achievements:

- **Faculty Achievements**

- *The Book Review by Dr. Shalini Saboo, Asst. Prof., Institute of Legal Studies, for the book "Right to Vote The Contested History Of Democracy In The United States" was published in the journal "A Web India Journal Of Elections" in its Volume 2 Issue 2 (October 2022 - March 2023)*



## Book Review

By Dr Shalini Saboo

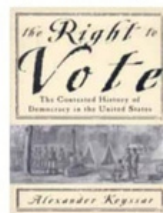
**THE RIGHT TO VOTE**  
**The Contested History of Democracy in the United States**  
By Alexander Keyssar  
Basic Books New York, 2000, pp. 453

The book 'The Right to Vote: The Contested History of Democracy in the United States' by Alexander Keyssar is a well-documented chronology of the evolution of the 'Right to franchise' in the United States. The title of the book is an apt one as the author meticulously narrates the journey of democracy in the United States right from the eighteenth century and the gradual unshackling of barriers towards its complete attainment.

The book is an eye opener for Americans who take their 'right to vote' for granted and do not take it as their duty to vote as it ensconces the fact substantiated through adequate figures and landmark incidents that the right to franchise was achieved not in a day but through struggles that were extremely excruciating. Keyssar presents in a convincing manner the gradual enfranchisement of denizens and the journey of voting rights in America which contracted largely between 1850 and 1920.

The book examines the myriad features of the right to vote in the United States. These comprise of facets like class, age, gender, ethnicity and religion which has varied over the years. The author

demonstrates that initially, voting was seen not a right but a privilege available to those who were considered to be qualified enough to participate in the governing process. It starts by talking about the days of the American Revolution by which time the issue of suffrage had occupied the centre of the debate. When only men with property were deemed to be sufficiently attached to the community and sufficiently affected by its laws to have earned the privilege of voting, there occurred a conflict of 'interests' and 'ideas'. The study brings home the point that no man can be bound by law to which he had not consented either by his person or legal representatives. Keyssar substantiates his study from landmark court decisions, constitutional conventions, law treaties and political literature and graphically presents the limitations on suffrage rights which different states of the country had at various points of time. The book envisions the fact that wars were a major factor in expanding suffrage rights. The book largely dwells on women's suffrage movement and explains how it was stalled after the civil war. The last part of the book 'Towards Universal Suffrage - And Beyond' which transcends from 1920s to 1990s is lucid for the reader given its relevance to the current situation. The sixty-two page appendix shall catch the eye of scholars which is a painstaking summarisation of suffrage status in each state of the United State in different periods of time. The book, given its deep erudition, is a must read for researchers working in the field of election history.



Dr Shalini Saboo is an Assistant Professor at the Institute of Legal Studies, Ranchi as University.

# News & Judgments

## **Legal News:**

- *President Appoints Justice DY Chandrachud As Next Chief Justice Of India*

*The President of India has appointed Justice Dhananjaya Y Chandrachud as the Chief Justice of India with effect from November 9, 2022. Justice Chandrachud will take over as the 50th Chief Justice of India after the retirement of the incumbent CJI UU Lalit.*

- *PIL For Uniform Civil Code Not Maintainable, No Direction Can Be Made To Parliament To Frame UCC: Union Law Ministry Tells Supreme Court*

*The Union Law Ministry has submitted before the Supreme Court that it cannot direct the Parliament to frame or enact any law. Thus, the PILs filed before it seeking a Uniform Civil Code in the country must be dismissed as non-maintainable.*

- *PFI ban: Cops on 'alert mode' over probable attacks on Hindu groups in Tamil Nadu, Kerala*

*After receiving a warning about Popular Front of India (PFI) attacks on Hindu groups in Tamil Nadu and Kerala from Telangana intelligence, cops went on alert mode. According to Telangana intelligence, PFI was planning to attack Hindu groups such as the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS)*

- *Union Law Minister Raises Concerns About Judicial Activism; Says There's No Course Correction Mechanism For Judiciary*

*The Union Law Minister Kiren Rijiju on October 17 participated in the 'Sabarmati Samwad' program organized by Panchjanya, a weekly magazine by the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS), wherein he spoke on various issues concerning the Supreme Court, Collegium system, working of Judiciary, etc*

- *Govt. Invites Suggestions From Industry And Trade Associations For Changes In Direct and Indirect Taxes in Budget 2023-24*

*The Ministry of Finance has invited suggestions from industry and trade associations for changes in direct and indirect taxes in Budget 2023-24. The Ministry of Finance would like to gain from the Trade Association's suggestions and viewpoints as it develops the proposals for the Union Budget of 2023-24.*

## ***Supreme Court Judgements:***

*1. [Bilkis Bano Rape Case] Convicts Released For Good Behaviour, After Central Govt Approval: Gujarat Govt To Supreme Court*

*The Gujarat government has told the Supreme Court that it decided to release the 11 convicts in the Bilkis Bano case on completion of their 14 years sentence as their "behaviour was found to be good" and after approval from the central government.*

*2. MBBS : Supreme Court Dismisses Students' Plea Against Medical Council Decision Cancelling Their Admissions As "Backdoor Entries"*

*The Supreme Court dismissed pleas challenging the order of the Delhi High Court, which upheld the discharge orders passed by the Medical Council of India (now National Medical Commission) cancelling the admission of students on allegations of backdoor entry in medical college. A Bench comprising Justices D.Y. Chandrachud and Hima Kolhi agreed with Advocate, Mr. Sharma Gaurav , appearing on behalf of NMC that the impugned order does not merit interference by the Apex Court.*

*3. "How Careless The Government Has Been": Supreme Court Questions Maharashtra Govt. On The Constitution Of Waqf Board*

*The Supreme Court resumed hearing on the issue as to whether every charitable trust established by someone professing Islam is necessarily a waqf, on the contours of the Bombay Public Trust Act 1950 and Waqf Act, 1995.*

*4. The Supreme Court held that the Constitution (97th Amendment) Act, 2011, would not be applicable to the local co-operative societies and the same would be applicable to the multi-State co-operative societies and the societies within the Union territories. The 97th Amendment granted a Constitutional status to cooperative societies and inserted Part IXB in the Constitution which specified several conditions for state laws relating to cooperative societies. In 2021, the Supreme Court( in the case Union of India vs Rajendra Shah and others) had upheld a judgment of the Gujarat High Court which struck down Part IXB on the ground that the amendment was passed without the requisite ratification by the States. However, the majority of the bench saved Part IXB to the extent it applied to multi-state co-operative societies.*

*6. Res Judicata Is Attracted Not Only In Separate Subsequent Proceedings But Also At Subsequent Stage Of The Same Proceedings : Supreme Court*

*The Supreme Court observed that the doctrine of res judicata is attracted not only in separate subsequent proceedings but also at subsequent stage of the same proceedings. A binding All decision cannot be ignored even on the principle of per incuriam because that principle applies to the precedents and not to the doctrine of res judicata, the bench of Justices Dinesh Maheshwari and Aniruddha Bose observed.*

*7. Supreme Court Refuses Interim Relief To St. Stephen's College; No Interviews For Admissions In Non-Minority Category*

*The Supreme Court of India refused to stay the Delhi High Court judgment which directed St. Stephen's College to conduct admissions in non-minority category as per CUET scores without holding interview. The Court dismissed the application filed by the College seeking interim relief. Consequently, the College will have to carry out admissions in the open category as per the norms of the Delhi University, without interview.*

*8. Part IXB Of Constitution Not Applicable To Local Co-operative Societies, Applies Only To Multi-State Societies & Societies In UTs : Supreme Court*

*The Supreme Court held that Part IX B inserted by the Constitution (97th Amendment) Act, 2011 would not be applicable to the local co-operative societies and the same would be applicable to the multi-State co-operative societies and the societies within the Union territories. The 97th Amendment granted a Constitutional status to cooperative societies and inserted Part IXB in the Constitution which specified several conditions for state laws relating to cooperative societies. In 2021, the Supreme Court (in the case Union of India vs Rajendra Shah and others) had upheld a judgment of the Gujarat High Court which struck down Part IXB on the ground that the amendment was passed without the requisite ratification by the States. However, the majority of the bench saved Part IXB to the extent it applied to multi-state co-operative societies.*

*9. India Muslim Women's Personal Law Board Approaches Supreme Court Against Extra-Judicial & Unilateral Talaq*

*The All-India Muslim Women's Personal Law Board has moved Supreme Court seeking against unilateral forms of divorce by Muslim husbands by pronouncement of talaq as per the personal law. The Board seeks to declare divorce given to Muslim women without following the due procedure as null & void with retrospective effect.*

*10. Qualification Prevailing On The Date Of Applying For Compassionate Appointment Is To Be Considered : Supreme Court*

*The Supreme Court dismissed the plea filed by Manik Bhattacharya, former Chairman of the West Bengal Board of Primary Education and Trinamool Congress Leader, assailing his arrest by the Enforcement Directorate in money laundering matter regarding the teacher's appointment scam. The bench comprising Justices Aniruddha Bose and Vikram Nath also refused a plea to allow Manik Bhattacharya to meet his counsels and asked that this application should be made before the appropriate court.*

*11. Power Of Attorney Holder Can Continue To Represent Party Even If She Gets Enrolled As Advocate Meanwhile, Sec 32 Advocates Act No Bar : Supreme Court*

*A Supreme court bench comprising Justice Dinesh Maheshwari and Justice Aniruddha Bose observed that Section 32 Of the Advocates Act, 1961 does not create a bar for a General Power of Attorney holder to appear on behalf of a plaintiff, simply because the GPA was enrolled as an advocate. The issue arose in a partition suit concerning the capacity in which the plaintiff's wife, who was the General Power of Attorney holder and also an enrolled advocate, could appear and act on his behalf in the said civil proceedings. Initially, the Trial Court and the Andhra Pradesh High Court held that merely for the wife of the plaintiff being an advocate, there was no prohibition in law for her to act on behalf of her husband as a GPA holder but, it was made clear that she would appear in-person as a power agent of her husband and not in her professional capacity as an advocate. Subsequently, the High Court held that in view of a Division Bench decision of the same High Court, it was not permissible for a GPA holder to participate in the proceedings. This order of the High Court was challenged before the Apex Court.*



## ***High Court Judgements:***

### ***1. Dumka School Girl Killing: Jharkhand High Court Warns Authorities Of Imposing Exemplary Costs If Replies Not Filed By Nov 11***

*The Jharkhand High Court last week warned the official authorities of imposing exemplary costs if they fail to file replies (by November 11) to the queries put forth by the High Court in connection with the killing of a girl in the State's Dumka district in August 2022. The High Court has taken a suo moto cognizance of this case wherein the accused allegedly poured petrol on a 16-year-old schoolgirl from outside the window of her room while she was sleeping and set her ablaze.*

### ***2. Principle Of Res Judicata Applies To Children Claiming Property Through Parent Earlier The Bombay High Court recently upheld trial court's decision to dismiss a partition suit citing the principle of res judicata involved In Property Suit: Bombay High Court***

*The plaintiff had claimed the properties through his mother; however, the issue had been decided in an earlier suit for same properties filed by his mother. Justice S. M. Modak dismissed the second appeal stating that there was no need to interfere in the judgments of the lower courts as there was no perversity in those findings and no substantial question of law is made out in the appeal.*

### ***3. Sections Form Substratum Of CPC, Orders & Rules Lay Further Ground Work For Adjudication: J&K&L High Court***

*The Jammu and Kashmir and Ladakh High Court recently set aside a lower court's order which held that Section 94 of CPC is not a substantive provision of the Code. The Section titled "Supplemental proceedings" makes provision for issue a warrant, furnishing of security, etc. in specified circumstances. Sub-section (c) thereof empowers the civil court to grant temporary injunction and in case of disobedience, commit the person to civil prison and order that his property be attached and sold.*

*4. Gyanvapi ASI Survey Stay | Allahabad High Court Grants Last Opportunity To ASI's DG To File Affidavit, Imposes ₹10K Cost*

*In the ongoing hearing before the Allahabad High Court in connection with the Kashi Vishwanath temple-Gyanvapi mosque dispute, the High Court today granted a last opportunity to the Director General, Archaeological Survey of India to file a personal affidavit sought by the HC in 10 days.*

*5. POCSO Act - Child Sexual Abuse Increasing Alarmingly, Courts Must Imbibe Legislative Wisdom: Delhi High Court*

*Observing that offences against minors, especially sexual assault, are increasing alarmingly, the Delhi High Court stressed that it is necessary for the courts to "imbibe the legislative wisdom" behind enactment of the Protection of Children Against Sexual Offences (POCSO) Act.*

*6. Kerala HC Initiates Suo Motu PIL For Protection And Rehabilitation Of Children In Streets*

*The Kerala High Court initiated suo motu Public Interest Litigation captioned 'Protection and Rehabilitation of Children in Streets' on noting the plight of the nomadic children begging or selling knick-knacks at busy junctions and tourist spots. The Suo Motu PIL has been initiated with the intention that such children ought to be taken care of, sent to shelter homes or repatriated.*

*7. Kerala Court Drops Culpable Homicide Charges Against IAS Officer Sriram Venkitaraman In 2019 Road Rage Case*

*The Additional District and Sessions Court, Trivandrum, has dismissed the culpable homicide charges that were framed against IAS Officer, Sriram Venkitaraman, and his friend, Wafa Firoz, in a case relating to the death of a journalist namely, K.M. Basheer, on the allegations of drunken driving in 2019.*

*8. Long Court Vacations Violate Litigants' Fundamental Rights, Must Be Abandoned: Plea In Bombay High Court*

*A writ petition filed before the Bombay High Court has challenged the long vacations of the court claiming that it is a violation of fundamental rights of litigants. The plea says courts during the vacations function with insufficient number of judges to hear the urgent cases. The petitioner Sabina Lakdawala has sought a declaration that the long court vacations during Diwali, Christmas, and summer for more than 70 days in total is a violation of fundamental rights and should be brought to an end. The petition also seeks directions to make the Bombay High Court functional during the Diwali vacations by appointing adequate number of judges and by directing the registry to receive all petitions without requiring permission of the vacation bench.*

*9. Kerala High Court Cancels Anticipatory Bail Of Writer-Activist Civic Chandran In Sexual Harassment Case*

*The Kerala State Government and the De Facto Complainant had approached the High Court challenging the anticipatory bail granted to Writer-Activist Civic Chandran, citing that the order is against the spirit of the special law enacted for Prevention of Atrocities against the people belonging to SC/ST community. Allowing the pleas of the state government and victim, the Kerala High Court on Thursday canceled author and social activist Civic Chandran's anticipatory bail in a sexual harassment case.*

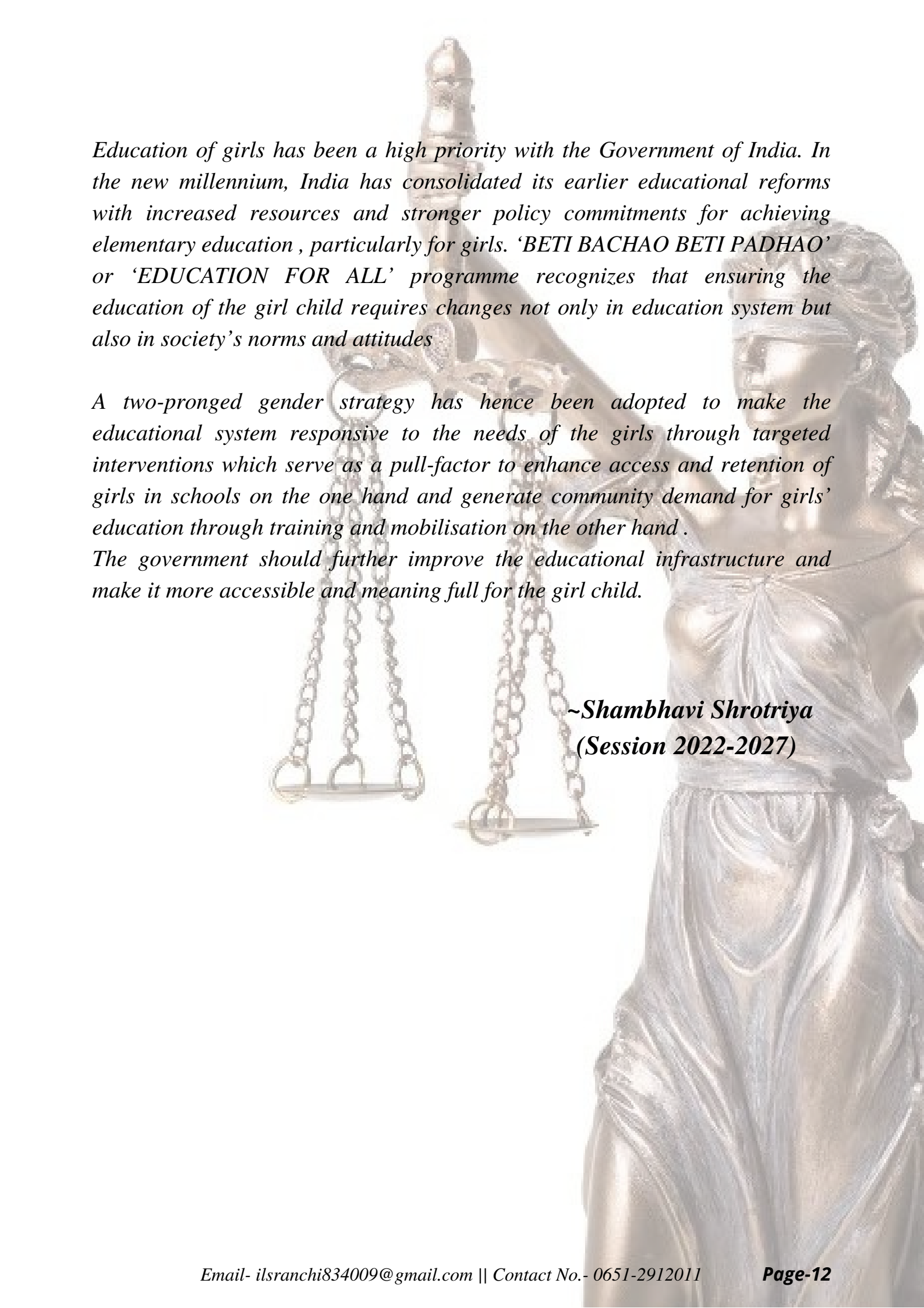
*10. J&K Prevention of Corruption Act - Criminal Proceedings Can't Be Launched Against Public Servant In Absence Of Dishonest Intention: High Court*

*The Jammu and Kashmir and Ladakh High Court recently ruled that in the absence of any dishonest motive or intention on the part of public servant, criminal prosecution cannot be launched against him or her under the Prevention of Corruption Act.*

# Students Corner

## **GENDER INEQUALITIES IN EDUCATION**

Gender inequality, a problem for which people have fought for years and the battle continues. Still there are many families which do not expect to educate their girl child for different reasons, it is not that the girls are not capable of doing things it is just that people don't let them do. Girls have been discriminated against in terms of various aspects as compared to their male counterparts. The primary aspect in terms of gender inequality has been experienced in participations. The students are required to participate in number of areas in educational institutions. Girls were provided with less participation opportunities as compared to the male counterparts because of many reasons like sometimes we have to go out of station for the program, parents do not feel safe to send their girl child away from them as the world is not as safe as we consider it, some are still living in the past and have a thought process of 'THE GIRLS HAVE TO GET MARRIED AND SETTLE IN OTHERS HOUSE AND BECOME A HOUSE WIFE SO WHY TO WASTE MONEY IN THEIR EDUCATION, GIRLS ARE MEANT TO BE A HOUSEWIFE AND SERVE HER FAMILY FOR LIFETIME, GIRLS SHOULD KNOW COOKING AND HOW TO MANAGE THEIR FAMILY, GIRLS ARE NOT MEANT FOR STUDYING OR DOING JOBS. THEY ARE MEANT TO TAKE CARE FOR HER INLAWS, HUSBAND AND CHILDREN'. Many girls in our country have proved people with such thinking "wrong" who think girls cannot do anything except for household works one such example is 'Dr. Kiran Bedi' the first Indian female to become an officer in Indian Police Services, 'Vinesh Phogat' she became the first Indian wrestler to win gold in both commonwealth and Asian Games, 'Avani Chaturvedi' the sky warrior, 'Arunima Sinha' popularly known as the mount everest girl and many more have proved their capability in different fields. It is just that you have to give them an equal opportunity. Make this world safe for everyone and have an equal competition not biased. Let the girl child study and do great things in life don't stop them!



*Education of girls has been a high priority with the Government of India. In the new millennium, India has consolidated its earlier educational reforms with increased resources and stronger policy commitments for achieving elementary education , particularly for girls. ‘BETI BACHAO BETI PADHAO’ or ‘EDUCATION FOR ALL’ programme recognizes that ensuring the education of the girl child requires changes not only in education system but also in society’s norms and attitudes*

*A two-pronged gender strategy has hence been adopted to make the educational system responsive to the needs of the girls through targeted interventions which serve as a pull-factor to enhance access and retention of girls in schools on the one hand and generate community demand for girls’ education through training and mobilisation on the other hand .*

*The government should further improve the educational infrastructure and make it more accessible and meaning full for the girl child.*

*~Shambhavi Shrotriya  
(Session 2022-2027)*

## कालचक्र :

बीत रहा जो कलयुग में,  
वह कालचक्र का खेला है ।  
आज जो कृत बलात्कार कहलाए,  
द्वापर में द्रोपदी ने भी इसे झोला है ।  
जब हर लिया रावण ने सीता को,  
अपहरण त्रेता में भी कृताथ हुआ है ।  
आज घर घर है कुरुक्षेत्र बना,  
भाई भाई का दुश्मन आज बना ।  
दृश्य था वह हस्तिनापुर का,  
शतरंज जिसका इतिहास बना ।  
पांडवों का स्वाभिमान सिंहासन,  
गवाने का बिसात बना ।

पर भूल गया है इंसान आज यह,  
हर जगह जुये का यह मेला है,  
और जो बीत रहा इस कलयुग में,  
वह बस कालचक्र का खेला है ।  
सतयुग में नरसिंह रूप में  
श्री हरि ने अवतार लिया ।  
त्रेता में श्री राम रूप में  
अर्धम का संघार किया ।  
द्वापर में लेकर कृष्ण रूप,  
कर्म का मार्ग दिखाया है ।  
जीवन मृत्यु कर्म मोक्ष सब  
उसकी ही बस माया है ॥  
रख विश्वास धर्मपथ पर,  
धर्म पुनः स्थापित होगा,  
और बीतेगा जो हर युग में,  
वह बस कालचक्र का खेला होगा ॥

~ मुस्कान सहाय  
सत्र २०२२-२०२७

## **Article: Importance of law in society**

*“law is one of the great healing profession . while medicine heals the body and clergy heals the soul .the law heals social rifts”*

*Introduction:-*

*A rule of conduct or action prescribed or formally recognized as binding or enforced by a controlling authority ,is known as law . It is command by a legislature.*

*Symbol:-*

*Lustitia (“lady justice”) is a symbolic personification of coercive power of a tribunal: a sword representing state authority, scales representing an objective standard and a blindfold indicating that justice should be impartial.*

*History: India has a recorded legal history starting from the vedic ages and it links closely to the development of civilization.*

*By the 22nd century bc , the accient sumerian ruler u-nammu had formulated the first law code,whuch consisted of casuistic statements(“if.....then.....”).*

*Around 1760 bc, king hammurabi further developed babylonian law,by codifying and inscribing it in stone.*

*After the independence,india got it’s own constitution, rules and regulations. Dr. Bhimrao ambedhkar is the father of indian constituiton. The indian constitution came into force in the year 1950 of january 26 that’s why celebrate 26 january as repiblic day every year.*

*Importance of law:-*

*The law is important because it acts a guideline as to what is accepted in society . Without it there would be conflicts between social group and communities. It is pivotal that we follow them. The law allows for easy adoption to changes that occur in the society.*

*Rules and regulations brings consistency in us . It was also made to provide for proper guildlines and order upon the behaviour for all citizens and to sustain the equity on three branches of the government.*

*And at the last I would like to say that:-*

*“The appearance of the law must be upheld---- especially when it’s being broken.”*

*~ Prakriti Sarthak  
session 2022-2027*

## *A Good Friend*

*There is nothing  
like a good friend  
To tell your troubles,  
And someone to open with  
Someone to talk me through  
The highs, the lows  
And the struggle of life.*

*Someone who knows  
My every quirk and flaws,  
Someone who understands  
me and my ways  
And love me after all*

*That someone I found in you  
And the theory of Good Friend  
I found true.*

*Together we party  
Together we cry  
Kept every single secret  
And covered every lie  
Cause we are Best mates  
Till the day we die.*

*~ Rakhi Kumari  
Session (2022-2027)*



# Upcoming Academic Events

- *Call for Papers: Journal for Legislative Drafting and Parliamentary Research (Vol II) by NLIU Bhopal:*

<https://lawc.to/TPMsY>

- *CfP: 4th One-Day National Conference on “Global Warming and Human Environment” by RNB Global University, Bikaner:*

<https://lawc.to/Klany>

- *CfP: International Seminar on “Changing Dimensions of Law in South Asia: Issues & Challenges”:*

<https://lawc.to/9cIAe>

- *CfP: 4th One-Day National Conference on “Global Warming and Human Environment” by RNB Global University, Bikaner:*

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<https://lawc.to/TPMsY>

- *Call for Papers: Journal for Legislative Drafting and Parliamentary Research (Vol II) by NLIU Bhopal:*

<https://lawc.to/3MYRT>

- *Call for Papers: NUSRL Journal of Law & Policy [Vol. IX]:*

<https://lawc.to/xzWVQ>

- *Call for Abstracts: SAIELN’S Third Biennial Conference on Food Security and International Law (Kochi):*

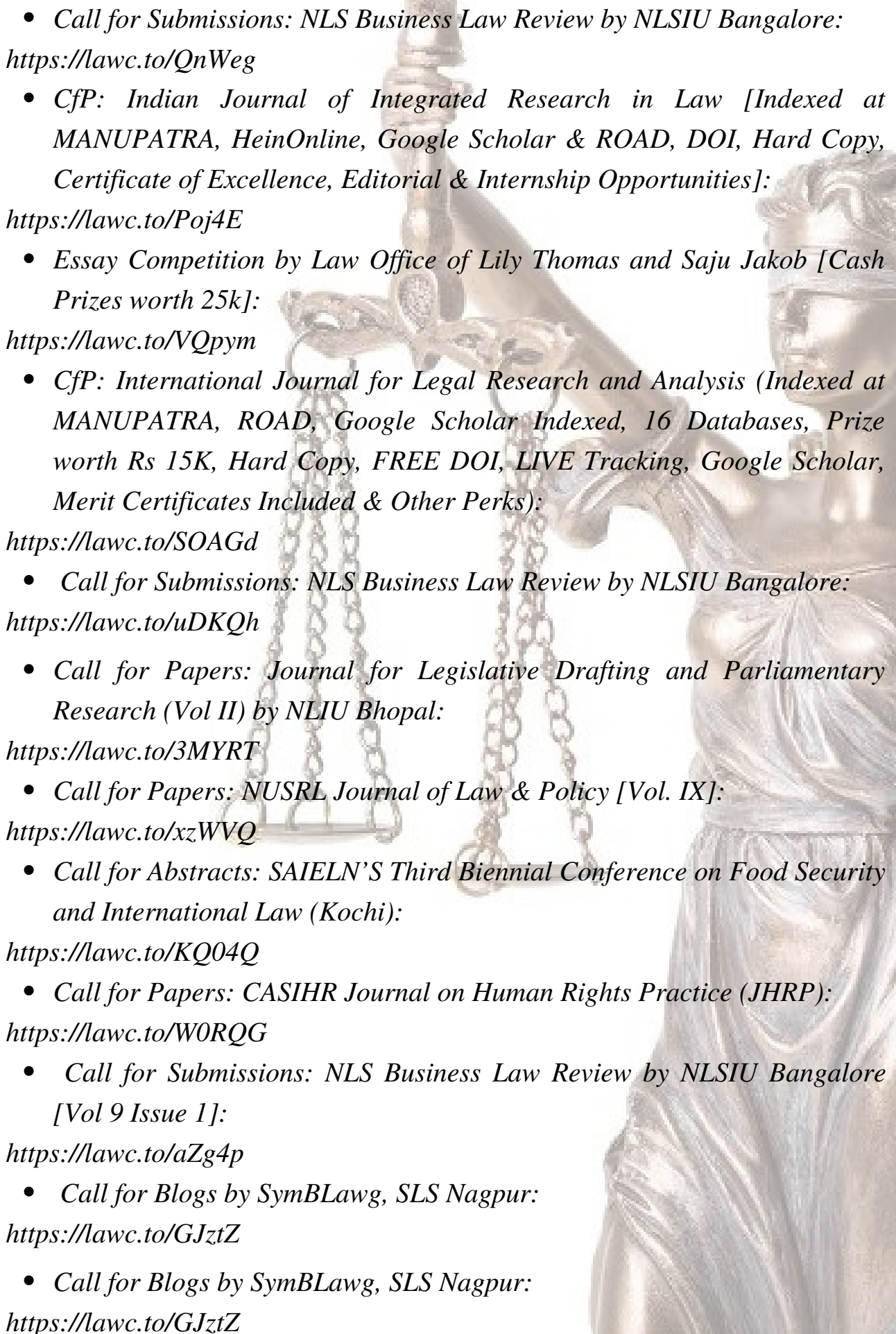
<https://lawc.to/KQ04Q>

- *Call for Papers: CASIHR Journal on Human Rights Practice (JHRP):*

<https://lawc.to/W0RQG>

- *Call for Submissions: NLS Business Law Review by NLSIU Bangalore [Vol 9 Issue ]:*

<https://lawc.to/aZg4p>

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- *Call for Submissions: NLS Business Law Review by NLSIU Bangalore:*  
<https://lawc.to/QnWeg>
  - *CfP: Indian Journal of Integrated Research in Law [Indexed at MANUPATRA, HeinOnline, Google Scholar & ROAD, DOI, Hard Copy, Certificate of Excellence, Editorial & Internship Opportunities]:*  
<https://lawc.to/Poj4E>
  - *Essay Competition by Law Office of Lily Thomas and Saju Jakob [Cash Prizes worth 25k]:*  
<https://lawc.to/VQpym>
  - *CfP: International Journal for Legal Research and Analysis (Indexed at MANUPATRA, ROAD, Google Scholar Indexed, 16 Databases, Prize worth Rs 15K, Hard Copy, FREE DOI, LIVE Tracking, Google Scholar, Merit Certificates Included & Other Perks):*  
<https://lawc.to/SOAGd>
  - *Call for Submissions: NLS Business Law Review by NLSIU Bangalore:*  
<https://lawc.to/uDKQh>
  - *Call for Papers: Journal for Legislative Drafting and Parliamentary Research (Vol II) by NLIU Bhopal:*  
<https://lawc.to/3MYRT>
  - *Call for Papers: NUSRL Journal of Law & Policy [Vol. IX]:*  
<https://lawc.to/xzWVQ>
  - *Call for Abstracts: SAIELN'S Third Biennial Conference on Food Security and International Law (Kochi):*  
<https://lawc.to/KQ04Q>
  - *Call for Papers: CASIHR Journal on Human Rights Practice (JHRP):*  
<https://lawc.to/W0RQG>
  - *Call for Submissions: NLS Business Law Review by NLSIU Bangalore [Vol 9 Issue 1]:*  
<https://lawc.to/aZg4p>
  - *Call for Blogs by SymBLawg, SLS Nagpur:*  
<https://lawc.to/GJztZ>
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<https://lawc.to/GJztZ>

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- *Call for Submissions: NLS Business Law Review by NLSIU Bangalore:*  
<https://lawc.to/QnWeg>
  - *CfP: Indian Journal of Integrated Research in Law [Indexed at MANUPATRA, HeinOnline, Google Scholar & ROAD, DOI, Hard Copy, Certificate of Excellence, Editorial & Internship Opportunities]:*  
<https://lawc.to/Poj4E>
  - *Essay Competition by Law Office of Lily Thomas and Saju Jakob [Cash Prizes worth 25k]:*  
<https://lawc.to/VQpym>
  - *CfP: International Journal for Legal Research and Analysis (Indexed at MANUPATRA, ROAD, Google Scholar Indexed, 16 Databases, Prize worth Rs 15K, Hard Copy, FREE DOI, LIVE Tracking, Google Scholar, Merit Certificates Included & Other Perks):*  
<https://lawc.to/SOAGd>
  - *Call for Submissions: NLS Business Law Review by NLSIU Bangalore:*  
<https://lawc.to/uDKQh>
  - *4th National Quiz Competition on Consumer Protection Laws 2022 by Chair on Consumer Law, NLU D [Online; Nov 12]:*  
<https://lawc.to/aiL4b>
  - *2nd Prof. Anil Thakur Memorial National Debate Competition by Panjab University, Chandigarh [Offline; Cash Prizes worth 10k] (Nov 10):*  
<https://lawc.to/luZxP>
  - *JOB POST: Research Associate at Chambers of Anagha S. Desai [A-o-R] Supreme Court of India:*  
<https://lawc.to/d5RYH>
  - *Surana and Surana India National Rounds-27th Stetson International Environmental Moot Court Competition 2022-23 by SRM University, Delhi-NCR:*  
<https://lawc.to/qIpU5>
  - *Shoolini University National Law Fest'22 (Solan) (Prizes worth Rs. 80k):*  
<https://lawc.to/CVQTn>
  - *INTERVIEW: The Value of Co-Curricular and Extracurricular Activities in Law School with Palomita:*  
<https://lawc.to/RXQiZ>

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- *Call for Papers: Comparative Law e-Newsletter by MNLU, Aurangabad [Metaverse Theme]:*  
<https://lawc.to/sJ6am>
  - *Call for Submissions: The Labour and Employment Law Blog, NLIU Bhopal:*  
<https://lawc.to/ucmH4>
  - *CfP: White Black Legal Journal of Law:*  
<https://lawc.to/EpWHw>
  - *Call for Blogs of International law and Policy Society, NLUO:*  
<https://lawc.to/GKXRT>
  - *CfP: International Journal for Legal Research and Analysis:*  
<https://lawc.to/NdsNv>
  - *CfP: Conference on Sustainable & Adaptive Water Governance: Law and Policy by NUALS, Kochi:*  
<https://lawc.to/tXcyc>
  - *Call for Papers for Book on Agriculture, Environment and Law, NUALS Kochi:*  
<https://lawc.to/lrmTt>
  - *CfP: Book titled “Policing and Police Administration in India” by ICFAI Law School:*  
<https://lawc.to/vZBkr>
  - *Call for Papers: HPNLU Journal of Intellectual Property Rights [Vol 1]:*  
<https://lawc.to/wULaH>
  - *Call for Papers by GNLU Student Law Review [Volume IV]:*  
<https://lawc.to/hw7H5>
  - *Call for Papers: Journal for Legislative Drafting and Parliamentary Research (Vol II) by NLIU Bhopal:*  
<https://lawc.to/3MYRT>
  - *Call for Papers: NUSRL Journal of Law & Policy [Vol. IX]:*  
<https://lawc.to/xzWVQ>